

A GUIDE FOR COMMUNICATING WITH TRAVELERS SPECIFICALLY ASKING ABOUT CORONAVIRUS

CORONAVIRUS: GET THE FACTS

- The coronavirus is a respiratory illness that began in Wuhan, China, in late December 2019
- At this time, the risk to Americans remains low
- On January 31, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention reported that the coronavirus is not spreading in communities in the U.S. at this time and the agency is working to contain spread of the virus
- On January 31, the United States temporarily suspended entry of foreign nationals who have traveled to China
- Flights from China will be funneled to select U.S. airports beginning Feb. 2, and U.S. citizens who have been in mainland China will be screened at these airports for risk and evidence of symptoms. New coronavirus control measures will also be implemented for any U.S. citizen coming in from Hubei province.
- Cases have been reported globally, including in the U.S.
- Symptoms include: fever, cough and difficulty breathing
- The virus can be spread via person-to-person contact
- All of the current expert advice indicates that travel in the U.S. can and should continue as normal
- For more guidance, visit the CDC coronavirus [webpage](#)

CORONAVIRUS: A GUIDE TO HEALTHY TRAVEL PRACTICES

- Avoid unnecessary travel to China
- Wash hands often
- Cough into your elbow and sneeze into a tissue
- Stay up-to-date on vaccinations
- Avoid contact with people who are already sick
- Avoid contact with animals while traveling
- Seek medical attention if you have traveled back from China and are experiencing the following symptoms: fever, cough, difficulty breathing
- Be aware of the latest travel advisories from the Centers of Disease Control and Prevention and the U.S. State Department

SOURCES:

wwwnc.cdc.gov/travel/page/survival-guide

wwwnc.cdc.gov/travel/notices/warning/novel-coronavirus-china

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